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# Empirical Yield Tables for Michigan

Jerold T. Hahn and Joan M. Stelman

White pine  
Red pine  
Jack pine  
White spruce  
Black spruce  
Balsam fir  
Hemlock  
Tamarack  
White cedar  
White oak  
Red oak  
Hickory  
Yellow birch  
Hard maple  
Soft maple  
Beech  
Ash  
Balsam poplar  
Cottonwood  
Bigtooth aspen  
Quaking aspen  
Basswood  
Yellow poplar  
Black walnut  
Black cherry  
Butternut  
Elm  
Paper birch

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# EMPIRICAL YIELD TABLES FOR MICHIGAN

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Empirical yield tables are useful to managers of timber, wildlife, and other forest resources who are interested in estimating current commercial forest species composition and volume or in making rough, short-term projections of future conditions. This paper provides empirical yield tables for Michigan and demonstrates some uses for them. If you are interested in comparing conditions in the Lake States, similar sets of tables are presented in "Empirical Yield Tables for Wisconsin" (Essex and Hahn 1976) and "Empirical Yield Tables for Minnesota" (Hahn and Raile 1982). In addition, unpublished empirical yield tables for Missouri and Iowa are available at cost from the Forest Inventory and Analysis Research Work Unit at the North Central Forest Experiment Station.

Yield tables for Michigan were compiled from data gathered on 7,700 commercial forest land plots established during the 1980 inventory of Michigan's four Forest Survey Units (fig. 1). Tables by forest type and site index class are presented for the entire State and for each Survey Unit. Only tables having sufficient data, usually 3 or 4 plots, in each of three adjacent age classes are presented; we feel that information based on smaller samples would not be useful. In addition to the net cubic foot volume tables, we present tables showing total green weight of above-ground biomass for all live trees. State total tables for all sites are printed in this report. State total tables by site index class and Survey Unit tables are included as microfiche inside the back cover.

The tables give the estimated merchantable cubic foot volume yield per acre from growing-stock trees<sup>1</sup> and the average basal area per acre of all live trees 1.0 inches diameter breast height (d.b.h.) and larger by stand age class for the 14 forest types defined in the Appendix. These tables provide a detailed picture of stand composition as measured by growing-stock volume.

The tables were constructed by classifying the commercial forest land plots measured in the 1980 inventory by forest type, stand-age class, and site-index class. Then the per-acre merchantable cubic foot volume or the total above-ground biomass was tabulated by species group. The merchantable volume standards used are minimum 5-inch (d.b.h.) to a 4-inch top diameter outside bark (top d.o.b.) with a 1 foot stump. Individual tree volumes were computed using a formula developed from "Composite volume tables for timber and their application in the Lake States" (Gevorkiantz and Olsen 1955) as described by Raile *et al.* (1982). A full explanation of the survey procedures and definitions can be obtained from "Michigan Forest Statistics, 1980" (Raile and Smith 1983).

The tables can be used in several ways. For example, they can be used to estimate future timber yield in the same manner as normal yield tables—it is assumed that the volume shown in one age class will increase in 10 years to the volume shown in the next older age class. For example, red pine stands aged 61-70 years currently average 1,425 cubic feet per acre (table 2). If you have a stand of red pine 51-60 years old, you could expect that in 10 years the stand would yield approximately 1,425 cubic feet per acre.

Rotation age (Years)	Area harvested year <sup>2</sup> (Thousand acres)	Merchant- able volume/ acre <sup>3</sup> (Cubic feet)	Annual harvest volume (Million cubic feet)
35	97.3	X 978	= 95.1
45	75.7	X 1,136	= 86.0
55	61.9	X 1,252	= 77.5

<sup>2</sup> Total type acreage (3,406,600 acres)/rotation age (35 years).

<sup>3</sup> From table 13.

<sup>1</sup> See Appendix for definitions of growing-stock and all live trees.

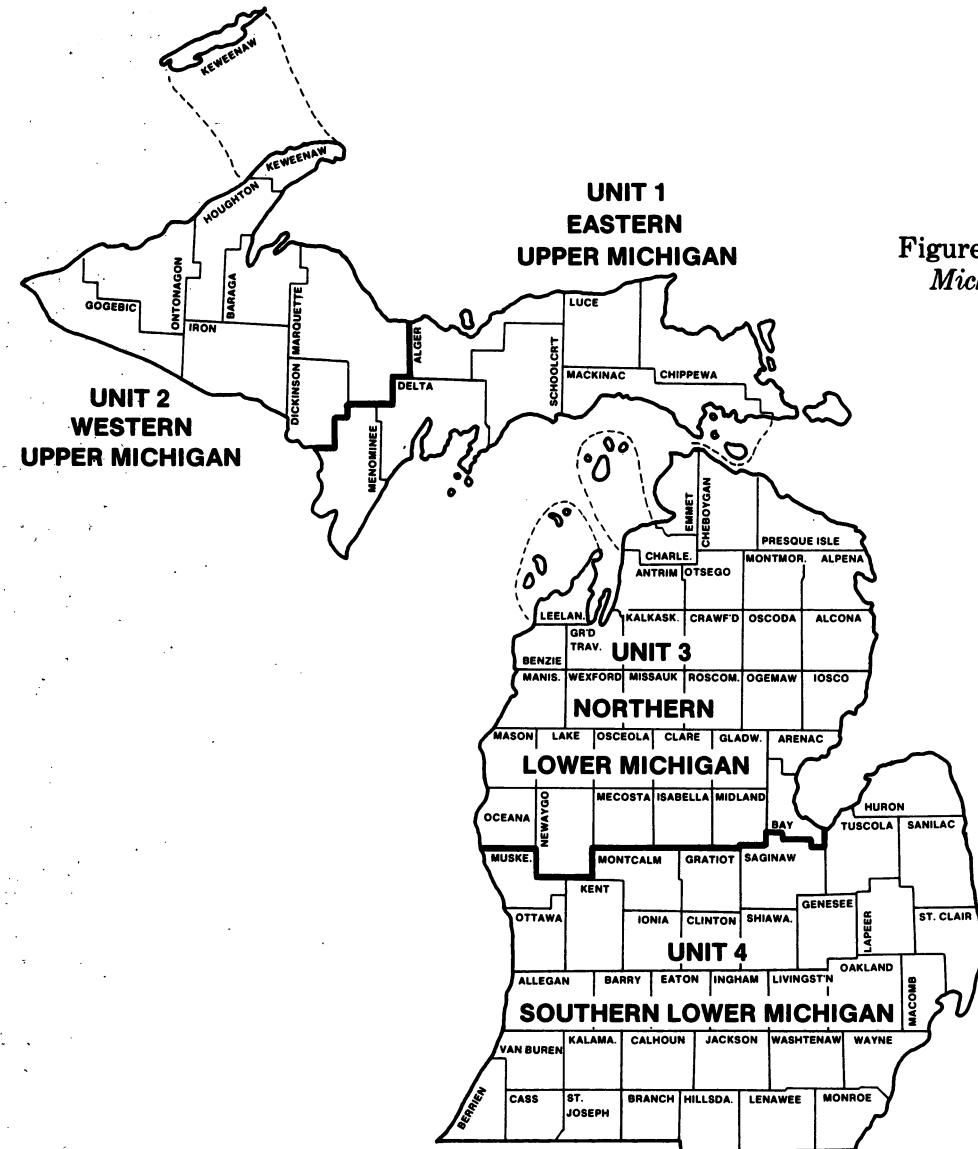


Figure 1. Forest Survey Units in Michigan.

As a second example, these tables can be used in conjunction with other forest inventory publications to compare volume estimates for progressive rotation ages. For instance, the aspen type occupied 3,406,600 acres in Michigan in 1980 (Spencer 1983). Assuming that you would harvest an equal number of acres each year, estimates of the annual harvest volume can be derived using the yields shown in table 13.

In addition, these harvest volumes can be broken down by species group. (See Appendix for a detailed breakdown of the species groups). By using table 13, the annual harvest volume is further broken down into softwoods and hardwoods.

According to this analysis, both the greatest total yield and the greatest softwood yield would be attained by using a 35-year rotation for the aspen type, although more acres would have to be harvested each

Rotation age (Years)	Total	Harvest volume	
		Softwoods (Million cubic feet)	Hardwoods
35	95.1	12.9 <sup>4</sup>	82.2
45	86.0	12.8	73.2
55	77.5	12.2	65.3

year to obtain that volume. Currently, almost two-thirds of the plots in the aspen type are in stands older than 35 years. Therefore, considerable volume from older plots would have to be harvested to reach a 35-year rotation.

<sup>4</sup>Cubic feet/acre of softwoods or hardwoods in the forest type of interest (133 cubic feet) x number of acres in the forest type (97,300 acres.)

Finally, the basal area volume in these tables allow a comparison between stand density and stand age that can be used in conjunction with other inventory data to determine whether existing stands are fully stocked. For example, in 1980 there were 481.3 thousand acres of aspen 51-60 years old in Michigan (Spencer 1983). Yields in these stands (all species) averaged 98 square feet per acre (table 13). Thus, the ratio of volume to basal area was 12.8 to 1. Schlaegel (1971) predicted that such a ratio for fully stocked stands of aspen in Minnesota would be 26 to 1. If we view Schlaegel's prediction as an index of stand potential, we can generalize that similar aspen sites that are fully stocked could be expected to yield roughly twice as much as these stands are producing now. The comparison can only be approximate because Schlaegel used different standards of merchantability in computing his volume.

The volumes shown in these tables were obtained from plots located in stands with various histories, from undisturbed stands to those that had been repeatedly cut. Thus, standard errors of mean volume are given in the tables to indicate their variation. Sampling error in percent can be determined by dividing the standard error by the mean volume of all species. For example, the sampling error for jack pine in the 41-50 year age class for all sites combined (table 1) is 6.6 percent ( $53/809 \times 100$ ).

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## APPENDIX

### DEFINITION OF TERMS

**Forest type.**—A classification of forest land based upon the species forming a plurality of live tree stocking. Major forest types in Michigan are:

*Jack pine.*—Forests in which jack pine comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include eastern white pine, red pine, aspen, birch, and maple).

*Red pine.*—Forests in which red pine comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include eastern white pine, jack pine, aspen, birch, and maple).

*White pine.*—Forests in which eastern white pine comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include red pine, jack pine, aspen, birch, and maple).

*Balsam Fir.*—Forests in which balsam fir and white spruce comprise a plurality of stocking with balsam fir the most common. (Common associates include aspen, maple, birch, northern white-cedar, and tamarack).

*White spruce.*—Forests in which white spruce and balsam fir comprise a plurality of the stocking with white spruce the most common. (Common associates include aspen, maple, birch, northern white-cedar, and tamarack).

*Black spruce.*—Forests in which swamp conifers comprise a plurality of the stocking with black spruce the most common. (Common associates include tamarack and northern white-cedar).

*Northern white-cedar.*—Forests in which swamp conifers comprise a plurality of the stocking with

northern white-cedar the most common. (Common associates include tamarack and black spruce).

**Tamarack.**—Forests in which swamp conifers comprise a plurality of the stocking with tamarack the most common. (Common associates include black spruce and northern white-cedar).

**Oak-hickory.**—Forests in which northern red oak, white oak, bur oak, or hickories, singly or in combination, comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include jack pine, beech, yellow-poplar, elm, and maple).

**Elm-ash-soft maple.**—Forests in which lowland elm, ash, cottonwood, and red maple, singly or in combination, comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include birches, spruce, and balsam fir).

**Maple-birch.**—Forests in which sugar maple, basswood, yellow birch, upland American elm, and red maple, singly or in combination, comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include white pine, elm, and hemlock).

**Aspen.**—Forests in which quaking aspen or big-tooth aspen, singly or in combination, comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include balsam poplar, balsam fir, and paper birch).

**Paper birch.**—Forests in which paper birch comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Common associates include maple, aspen, and balsam fir).

**Exotic.**—Forests in which species not native to Michigan comprise a plurality of the stocking. (Most common exotic species is Scotch pine).

**Growing-stock trees.**—Live trees of commercial species qualifying as desirable and acceptable trees (excludes rough and rotten trees).

**Live trees.**—Growing-stock, rough, and rotten trees 1 inch d.b.h. and larger.

## TREE SPECIES GROUPS IN MICHIGAN<sup>5</sup>

### SOFTWOODS

Eastern white pine .....	<i>Pinus strobus</i>
Red pine .....	<i>Pinus resinosa</i>
Jack pine .....	<i>Pinus banksiana</i>
White spruce .....	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Black spruce .....	<i>Picea mariana</i>
Balsam fir .....	<i>Abies balsamea</i>
Eastern hemlock .....	<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>
Tamarack .....	<i>Larix laricina</i>
Northern white-cedar .....	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>

<sup>5</sup> The common and scientific names are based on: Little, Elbert L. Checklist of United States Trees (Native and Naturalized). Agric. Handb. No. 541. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; 1979. 375 p.

### Other softwoods

Eastern redcedar .....	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>
Norway spruce .....	<i>Picea abies</i>
Engelmann spruce .....	<i>Picea engelmannii</i>
Austrian pine .....	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Scotch pine .....	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>

### HARDWOODS

#### White oaks

White oak .....	<i>Quercus alba</i>
Swamp white oak .....	<i>Quercus bicolor</i>
Bur oak .....	<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>
Chinkapin oak .....	<i>Quercus muehlenbergii</i>
Chestnut oak .....	<i>Quercus prinus</i>

#### Select red oak

Northern red oak .....	<i>Quercus rubra</i>
Other red oaks .....	

Scarlet oak .....	<i>Quercus coccinea</i>
Northern pin oak .....	<i>Quercus ellipsoidalis</i>
Pin oak .....	<i>Quercus palustris</i>
Black oak .....	<i>Quercus velutina</i>

#### Hickories

Bitternut hickory .....	<i>Carya cordiformis</i>
Pignut hickory .....	<i>Carya glabra</i>
Shellbark hickory .....	<i>Carya laciniosa</i>
Shagbark hickory .....	<i>Carya ovata</i>
Mockernut hickory .....	<i>Carya tomentosa</i>

Yellow birch .....	<i>Betula alleghaniensis</i>
Hard maples .....	

Sugar maple .....	<i>Acer saccharum</i>
Black maple .....	<i>Acer nigrum</i>

#### Soft maples

Red maple .....	<i>Acer rubrum</i>
Silver maple .....	<i>Acer saccharinum</i>
American beech .....	<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>

#### Ashes

White ash .....	<i>Fraxinus americana</i>
Black ash .....	<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>
Green ash .....	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>
Balsam poplar .....	<i>Populus balsamifera</i>
Eastern cottonwood .....	<i>Populus deltoides</i>

#### Aspens

Bigtooth aspen .....	<i>Populus grandidentata</i>
Quaking aspen .....	<i>Populus tremuloides</i>
Basswood .....	<i>Tilia americana</i>
Yellow-poplar .....	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>
Black walnut .....	<i>Juglans nigra</i>

Black cherry .....	<i>Prunus serotina</i>
Butternut .....	<i>Juglans cinerea</i>
Elms .....	
American elm .....	<i>Ulmus americana</i>
Slippery elm .....	<i>Ulmus rubra</i>

Rock elm .....	<i>Ulmus thomasii</i>
Paper birch .....	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>
Other hardwoods .....	

Boxelder .....	<i>Acer negundo</i>
Sweet birch .....	<i>Betula lenta</i>

River birch .....	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Black willow.....	<i>Salix nigra</i>
Ohio buckeye .....	<i>Aesculus glabra</i>
Flowering dogwood .....	<i>Cornus florida</i>
Honeylocust.....	<i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i>
Osage-orange .....	<i>Maclura pomifera</i>
Black tupelo .....	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i> var. <i>sylvatica</i>
Sycamore .....	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>
Black locust.....	<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>
Sassafras.....	<i>Sassafras albidum</i>
Red mulberry .....	<i>Morus rubra</i>
American chestnut.....	<i>Castanea dentata</i>

Table 1.—Cubic foot volume per acre in growing-stock trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

Jack pine forest type - All site index classes  
(In cubic feet per acre)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	12	8	10	0	10	13	10	0	21	92	212
Red pine	48	21	27	31	65	41	27	76	99	124	0
Jack pine	440	89	139	219	450	633	542	712	644	500	259
White spruce	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	480
Black spruce	6	3	0	0	14	5	14	0	6	0	0
Balsam fir	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	0	0
Hemlock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tamarack	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>719</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>630</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	2	2	0	2	1	1	8	6	0	0	0
Select red oaks	28	25	16	2	16	51	28	16	40	0	240
Other red oaks	14	2	0	8	20	14	21	30	26	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Soft maple	4	5	2	0	0	5	1	2	0	29	0
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ash	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	2	4	0	6	0	4	2	0	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	9	2	5	4	10	14	13	13	14	0	0
Basswood	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Paper birch	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	37
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>236</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>866</b>
Number of plots	346	35	40	31	56	76	52	24	21	7	2
Standard error <sup>3/</sup>	25	30	32	62	52	53	61	99	94	197	52
Average basal area	65	27	45	59	65	86	75	71	68	70	56

<sup>1/</sup>Table may not add to totals due to rounding. Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes—the average volume per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.<sup>3/</sup>R indicates that there was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 2.--Cubic foot volume per acre in growing-stock trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

Red pine forest type - All site index classes

(In cubic feet per acre)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	48	8	1	5	5	38	17	267	86	204	290
Red pine	690	56	181	719	852	882	655	793	980	869	1,332
Jack pine	69	25	13	50	87	189	94	6	136	29	0
White spruce	6	5	0	1	5	0	0	0	21	0	85
Black spruce	4	0	0	0	3	8	0	8	0	7	72
Balsam fir	7	13	0	9	1	0	0	31	0	0	16
Hemlock	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0	0	32
Tamarack	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	6	0	0	16
Other softwoods	5	0	12	2	7	0	0	45	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>968</b>	<b>1,117</b>	<b>765</b>	<b>1,205</b>	<b>1,223</b>	<b>1,111</b>	<b>1,724</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	9	0	6	9	20	12	21	0	8	0	0
Select red oaks	22	0	9	3	15	39	41	30	27	143	91
Other red oaks	11	0	0	11	27	7	0	0	0	0	44
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	3	0	5	6	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
Soft maple	13	0	5	4	22	12	0	74	8	14	14
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ash	1	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	21	0	15	13	15	23	0	22	23	160	0
Quaking aspen	14	19	9	5	13	9	0	65	0	71	21
Basswood	1	0	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	4	0	4	5	0	8	0	19	0	0	12
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Paper birch	7	0	5	1	5	0	0	0	0	91	0
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>126</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,240</b>	<b>827</b>	<b>1,425</b>	<b>1,289</b>	<b>1,590</b>	<b>1,850</b>
Number of plots	226	12	32	68	41	26	7	9	9	7	4
Standard error <sup>3/</sup>	49	49	49	75	120	102	108	199	141	354	665
Average basal area	97	35	49	112	119	101	57	112	90	119	123

<sup>1/</sup>Table may not add to totals due to rounding. Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average volume per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.<sup>3/</sup>R indicates that there was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 7.--Balsam fir green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Tree height (feet)						
	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
<u>Green tree weight</u>							
4	129	156	184	211	239		
6	198	259	321	383	445	507	
8	294	404	514	624	734	844	954
10	418	590	762	934	1,106	1,278	1,450
12	569	817	1,064	1,312	1,560	1,807	2,055
14	748	1,085	1,422	1,759	2,096	2,434	2,771
16		1,395	1,835	2,275	2,716	3,156	3,596
18				2,860	3,417	3,975	4,532
20					4,202	4,890	5,578
<u>Green bole weight</u>							
6	106	151	197	243	289	334	380
8	177	258	339	421	502	583	665
10	268	395	522	649	776	903	1,030
12	380	563	746	929	1,112	1,294	1,477
14	512	761	1,010	1,259	1,508	1,757	2,006
16		990	1,315	1,640	1,965	2,290	2,615
18				2,072	2,483	2,895	3,306
20					3,062	3,570	4,078
<u>Green residue weight</u>							
6	92	108	124	140	157	173	189
8	117	146	175	203	232	261	290
10	149	194	239	284	329	374	419
12	189	254	319	383	448	513	578
14	236	324	412	500	589	677	765
16		405	520	635	751	866	981
18				788	934	1,080	1,226
20					1,139	1,319	1,499

Table 8.—Sugar maple pulpwood green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Tree height (all trees)							
	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
<u>Green tree weight (all trees)</u>								
4	107	134	161	187	214	241		
6	208	268	329	389	450	510	571	
8	349	456	564	671	779	886	994	
10	530	698	866	1,034	1,202	1,370	1,538	
12	752	994	1,236	1,478	1,720	1,962	2,203	
14		1,343	1,673	2,002	2,331	2,660	2,990	
16		1,747	2,177	2,607	3,037	3,467	3,997	
18		2,203	2,748	3,292	3,836	4,381	4,925	
20			3,386	4,058	4,730	5,402	6,074	
22			4,092	4,905	5,718	6,531	7,344	
24			4,865	5,832	6,800	7,768	8,735	
26				6,840	7,976	9,112	10,247	
<u>Green bole weight (pulpwood trees)</u>								
6	80	132	185	237	290	342		
8	202	296	389	483	576	670		
10	360	506	652	798	944	1,090		
12	553	763	973	1,183	1,394	1,604		
14	780	1,067	1,353	1,639	1,925	2,211		
16		1,417	1,791	2,165	2,538	2,912		
18			2,287	2,760	3,233	3,706		
<u>Green residue weight (pulpwood trees)</u>								
6	105	118	131	144	157	169		
8	135	158	181	204	227	250		
10	174	210	246	282	318	354		
12	221	273	325	377	429	481		
14	277	348	419	489	560	630		
16		434	527	619	711	803		
18			649	766	882	999		

Table 9.--Sugar maple saw log green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)		Tree height (feet)					
		40	50	60	70	80	90
<u>Green bole weights (saw log trees)</u>							
12	385	552	719	886	1,053	1,220	
14	626	853	1,081	1,308	1,535	1,763	
16	904	1,201	1,498	1,795	2,092	2,389	
18	1,220	1,596	1,972	2,347	2,723	3,099	
20	1,573	2,037	2,501	2,965	3,429	3,893	
22	1,962	2,524	3,085	3,647	4,208	4,770	
24		3,057	3,726	4,394	5,062	5,730	
26			4,422	5,206	5,990	6,774	
<u>Green residue weights (saw log trees)</u>							
12	739	798	857	916	975	1,034	
14	824	904	985	1,065	1,145	1,226	
16	922	1,027	1,132	1,237	1,342	1,447	
18	1,034	1,167	1,300	1,432	1,565	1,698	
20	1,159	1,323	1,487	1,651	1,815	1,979	
22	1,296	1,495	1,693	1,892	2,090	2,289	
24		1,683	1,920	2,156	2,392	2,628	
26			2,166	2,443	2,720	2,997	

Table 10.--Red oak green weights (values inside the lines show the range of  
the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Tree height (feet)						
	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
<u>Green tree weight</u>							
2	19	26	34	42	50		
4	66	98	129	161	193	224	
6	145	217	288	359	430	502	573
8		383	510	636	763	890	1,016
10		597	795	993	1,191	1,389	1,587
12			1,143	1,428	1,713	1,999	2,284
14			1,555	1,943	2,331	2,719	3,107
16			2,030	2,537	3,044	3,551	4,058
18			2,569	3,210	3,852	4,493	5,135
20				3,963	4,755	5,547	6,339
<u>Green bole weight</u>							
6	143	200	256	313	370		
8	275	376	478	579	680		781
10	446	604	762	920	1,078		1,236
12		882	1,110	1,337	1,565		1,792
14		1,211	1,520	1,830	2,140		2,449
16		1,590	1,994	2,399	2,803		3,208
18		2,020	2,532	3,044	3,555		4,067
20		2,500	3,132	3,764	4,396		5,028
<u>Green residue weight</u>							
6	67	82	98	114	130		
8	103	132	160	188	216		244
10	151	195	239	283	327		371
12		272	336	399	463		526
14		364	450	536	623		709
16		470	582	695	807		920
18		589	732	874	1,017		1,159
20		723	899	1,075	1,251		1,427

Table 11.--Red maple green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Tree height (feet)						
	20	30	40	50	60	70	80

Green tree weight

2	33	40	46	53	59		
4	72	99	125	151	177		
6	138	197	256	315	374	433	492
8	230	335	440	545	650	755	860
10	348	512	676	840	1,004	1,168	1,332
12		728	965	1,201	1,437	1,673	1,909
14		984	1,306	1,627	1,949	2,270	2,591
16			1,699	2,119	2,539	2,959	3,379
18				2,677	3,208	3,739	4,271
20				3,300	3,956	4,612	5,268

Green bole weight

6	120	166	212	258	303	
8	227	308	390	471	552	633
10	364	491	618	745	872	999
12	532	715	898	1,080	1,263	1,446
14		979	1,228	1,477	1,726	1,975
16		1,284	1,609	1,934	2,259	2,584
18			2,041	2,452	2,864	3,275
20			2,523	3,031	3,539	4,047

Green residue weight

6	83	95	107	120	132	
8	111	133	155	177	199	220
10	148	182	216	250	284	318
12	193	242	291	340	389	438
14		313	379	446	513	579
16		394	481	568	655	743
18			597	707	817	927
20				862	998	1,134

**Table 12.--White birch green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)**

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Tree height (feet)						
	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
<u>Green tree weight</u>							
2	23	29	36	43	50		
4	64	92	119	147	175		
6	133	196	258	320	382	445	507
8	230	341	452	562	673	784	894
10	355	528	701	874	1,047	1,220	1,393
12		756	1,005	1,254	1,503	1,753	2,002
14		1,026	1,365	1,704	2,043	2,382	2,721
16		1,337	1,780	2,223	2,666	3,109	3,552
18			2,251	2,811	3,372	3,932	4,493
20				3,469	4,161	4,853	5,545
<u>Green bole weight</u>							
6	112	161	211	260	309		
8	227	315	403	490	578		
10	375	512	649	786	923		1,060
12	556	753	951	1,148	1,345		1,542
14	770	1,038	1,307	1,575	1,844		2,112
16		1,367	1,718	2,068	2,419		2,770
18		1,740	2,184	2,627	3,017		3,515
20		2,156	2,704	3,252	3,800		4,348
<u>Green residue weight</u>							
6	77	91	105	118	132		
8	109	133	158	182	206		231
10	150	188	226	264	302		340
12	200	255	310	365	419		474
14		334	409	483	558		632
16		425	523	620	717		814
18		529	652	775	898		1,021
20		644	796	948	1,100		1,252

Table 13.--Aspen green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Bole height (number of 100-inch bolts)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<u>Green tree weight</u>								
4	83	110	137	164	192			
6	117	178	239	300	362	423		
8	164	273	382	491	600	708	817	926
10	225	396	566	735	906	1,076	1,245	1,416
12	330	545	790	1,035	1,280	1,524	1,769	2,014
14		722	1,055	1,388	1,722	2,055	2,388	2,721
16			1,361	1,796	2,232	2,667	3,102	3,537
18				2,558	2,810	3,360	3,911	4,462
20					3,456	4,136	4,815	5,496
<u>Green bole weight</u>								
6	71	121	170	220	269	319		
8	110	198	286	374	462	550	638	726
10	159	297	434	572	709	847	984	1,122
12	220	418	616	814	1,012	1,210	1,408	1,606
14		561	830	1,100	1,369	1,639	1,908	2,178
16			1,078	1,430	1,782	2,134	2,486	2,838
18				1,804	2,249	2,695	3,140	3,586
20					2,772	3,322	3,871	4,422
<u>Green residue weight</u>								
6	45	57	68	79	91	102		
8	54	74	95	115	135	155	176	196
10	65	97	129	160	192	224	255	287
12	79	125	171	216	262	307	353	399
14		158	220	282	344	406	469	530
16			277	358	439	520	601	682
18				444	547	649	752	855
20					667	794	920	1,047

Table 14.--White spruce green weights (values inside the lines show the rangeof the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Bole height (number of 100-inch bolts)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<u>Green tree weight</u>								
4	239	263	287	311	335	359		
6	269	323	377	431	485	539	593	647
8	311	407	503	599	695	791	887	983
10	365	515	665	815	965	1,115	1,265	1,415
12		647	863	1,079	1,295	1,511	1,727	1,943
14			803	1,097	1,391	1,685	1,979	2,273
16				1,367	1,751	2,135	2,519	2,903
18					2,159	2,645	3,131	3,617
20						3,215	3,815	4,415
								5,015
<u>Green bole weight</u>								
6	170	209	248	287	326	365	404	443
8	201	270	339	409	478	547	617	686
10	239	348	456	564	673	781	889	998
12	287	443	599	755	911	1,067	1,223	1,379
14		556	768	980	1,193	1,405	1,617	1,830
16			963	1,240	1,518	1,795	2,072	2,350
18				1,535	1,886	2,237	2,588	2,939
20					2,298	2,731	3,164	3,598
<u>Green residue weight</u>								
6	99	114	129	144	159	174	189	204
8	111	137	164	191	217	244	271	297
10	126	167	209	251	292	334	376	417
12	144	204	264	324	384	444	504	564
14		247	329	411	492	574	656	737
16			404	511	617	724	831	937
18				624	759	894	1,029	1,164
20					917	1,084	1,251	1,417

Table 15.--Red pine green weights (values inside the lines show the range of  
the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Bole height (number of 100-inch bolts)							
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
<u>Green tree weight</u>								
4	106	133	160	187	214	241		
6	174	234	295	356	416	477	537	
8	268	376	483	591	699	807	914	1,022
10	389	558	726	894	1,063	1,231	1,399	1,567
12	537	780	1,022	1,265	1,507	1,749	1,992	2,234
14			1,372	1,702	2,032	2,362	2,692	3,022
16				2,207	2,638	3,069	3,500	3,931
18					3,325	3,870	4,416	4,961
20					4,093	4,766	5,439	6,112
<u>Green bole weight</u>								
6	151	203	255	306	358	409	461	
8	232	323	415	507	599	690	782	874
10	335	478	621	765	908	1,051	1,195	1,339
12	461	667	874	1,080	1,287	1,493	1,699	1,906
14			1,172	1,453	1,734	2,015	2,296	2,577
16				1,883	2,250	2,617	2,984	3,351
18					2,835	3,299	3,764	4,228
20					3,488	4,061	4,635	5,208
<u>Green residue weight</u>								
6	22	30	39	48	56	65	74	
8	35	51	66	82	97	113	128	143
10	53	77	101	125	149	173	198	222
12	74	109	143	178	213	248	283	317
14			194	241	288	336	383	431
16				314	375	437	499	561
18					474	552	631	709
20					584	681	778	874

Table 16.--Balsam fir green weights (values inside the lines show the range of the sample data)

(In pounds)

D.b.h. class (inches)	Bole height (number of 100-inch bolts)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<u>Green tree weight</u>								
4	181	207	233	259	285			
6	213	272	330	388	446	504		
8	259	362	466	569	673	776	879	983
10	317	479	640	802	964	1,125	1,287	1,449
12	388	621	854	1,086	1,319	1,552	1,785	2,018
14		789	1,106	1,423	1,740	2,056	2,373	2,690
16			1,397	1,811	2,225	2,638	3,052	3,466
18				2,250	2,774	3,298	3,822	4,346
20					3,389	4,035	4,683	5,329
<u>Greenbole weight</u>								
6	116	159	202	245	289	332		
8	149	226	303	380	457	534	610	687
10	193	313	433	553	673	793	913	1,033
12	245	418	591	764	937	1,110	1,282	1,455
14		543	778	1,013	1,249	1,484	1,719	1,954
16			994	1,301	1,609	1,916	2,223	2,530
18				1,628	2,017	2,406	2,794	3,183
20					2,473	2,953	3,433	3,913
<u>Green residue weight</u>								
6	98	113	128	143	158	173		
8	109	136	163	189	216	243	269	296
10	124	166	208	249	291	333	374	416
12	143	203	263	323	383	443	503	563
14		246	328	409	491	573	654	736
16			403	509	616	723	829	936
18				623	758	893	1,028	1,163
20					916	1,083	1,249	1,416

Table 13.—Cubic foot volume per acre in growing-stock trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>  
Aspen forest type - All site index classes  
(In cubic feet per acre)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	12	6	7	16	13	25	6	17	10	19	18
Red pine	13	12	4	13	9	1	8	4	2	24	25
Jack pine	5	3	8	9	17	29	30	47	5	3	9
White spruce	20	6	5	16	5	2	6	9	1	22	24
Black spruce	4	1	2	5	29	47	80	76	1	1	8
Balsam fir	47	15	11	29	4	2	3	9	5	49	39
Hemlock	3	2	0	0	1	2	1	4	2	0	0
Tamarack	2	2	0	1	2	1	1	4	2	0	0
Northern white-cedar	33	6	6	20	21	30	39	53	86	79	158
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>304</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	4	3	3	2	2	3	8	2	11	2	18
Select red oaks	30	14	23	20	24	26	73	62	57	51	5
Other red oaks	2	0	2	4	2	3	1	0	4	0	71
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Yellow birch	2	0	0	0	0	3	3	4	5	2	0
Hard maple	18	7	7	9	24	24	18	26	52	40	27
Soft maple	64	27	31	24	79	78	90	123	92	99	72
Beech	2	1	0	3	3	4	0	4	0	0	2
Ash	10	4	3	10	17	14	9	9	25	18	13
Balsam poplar	50	8	12	41	57	74	62	51	74	99	130
Cottonwood	2	0	0	5	1	1	0	12	0	3	9
Bigtooth aspen	146	29	44	57	117	185	274	325	334	178	161
Quaking aspen	312	92	108	203	451	454	468	467	563	488	365
Basswood	6	2	1	3	3	9	2	5	22	10	40
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	6	6	6	14	4	6	4	5	4	4	19
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	5	1	5	5	5	8	10	3	4	0	2
Paper birch	54	14	19	36	51	76	78	105	70	107	83
Other hardwoods	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	0
Noncommercial species	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>712</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>1,055</b>	<b>1,215</b>	<b>1,322</b>	<b>1,106</b>	<b>1,009</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>1,136</b>	<b>1,252</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>1,558</b>	<b>1,312</b>	<b>1,127</b>
Number of plots	1,529	325	252	65	133	239	222	118	64	48	34
Standard error	17	14	16	52	41	37	36	59	84	93	25
Average basal area	73	31	46	69	84	93	98	104	108	97	101

<sup>1/</sup>Table may not add to totals due to rounding.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average volume per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 14.--Cubic foot volume per acre in growing-stock trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>  
 Paper birch forest type - All site index classes  
 (In cubic feet per acre)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	18	0	3	9	34	30	9	6	35	87	67
Red pine	10	5	0	0	10	2	4	13	49	0	41
Jack pine	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	2	39	0
White spruce	29	27	5	0	12	71	16	26	29	77	37
Black spruce	8	0	0	9	29	4	3	9	20	11	0
Balsam fir	62	26	35	30	118	73	48	62	54	69	98
Hemlock	10	0	11	0	9	5	21	0	18	0	0
Tamarack	3	6	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	114
Northern white-cedar	80	10	21	23	68	34	100	71	210	102	0
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>468</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	2	0	0	0	6	0	5	2	0	0	0
Select red oaks	17	0	0	0	5	17	33	6	30	99	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	7	0	0	0	15	3	7	6	5	10	9
Hard maple	39	10	3	0	11	52	42	49	74	52	12
Soft maple	109	19	29	22	116	146	158	83	133	118	152
Beech	2	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	0	0
Ash	15	0	3	0	34	14	26	18	16	0	0
Balsam poplar	14	2	2	0	12	13	24	21	3	13	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	26	9	0	14	18	29	14	42	64	73	35
Quaking aspen	87	18	15	96	125	123	98	75	118	36	165
Basswood	13	0	0	0	26	47	20	2	4	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	2	0	5	0	6	3	0	0	0	8	0
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	3	0	3	10	5	8	0	3	0	12	0
Paper birch	535	161	160	190	407	519	736	647	594	663	619
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>785</b>	<b>976</b>	<b>1,170</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>1,041</b>	<b>1,084</b>	<b>993</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>1,065</b>	<b>1,195</b>	<b>1,411</b>	<b>1,145</b>	<b>1,455</b>	<b>1,469</b>	<b>1,462</b>
Number of plots	190	15	18	6	13	23	45	36	15	6	7
Standard error	47	73	58	87	132	92	87	95	176	124	157
Average basal area	94	38	47	75	89	103	113	98	108	124	112

<sup>1/</sup>Table may not add to totals due to rounding. Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average volume per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 15.--Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>  
 Jack pine forest type - All site index classes  
 (In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	760	560	920	0	620	1,100	460	0	840	4,160	8,280
Red pine	2,620	1,100	1,980	1,580	4,120	3,140	2,060	1,380	4,040	4,900	5,740
Jack pine	29,840	10,500	15,620	24,760	29,180	40,200	34,340	41,040	37,840	31,140	25,500
White spruce	20	0	0	0	0	0	40	60	0	0	24,380
Black spruce	640	300	80	0	500	1,880	540	0	200	0	0
Balsam fir	40	0	0	0	60	80	20	0	140	0	0
Hemlock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tamarack	0	0	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	20	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>33,940</b>	<b>12,460</b>	<b>18,600</b>	<b>26,340</b>	<b>34,620</b>	<b>46,440</b>	<b>37,480</b>	<b>42,420</b>	<b>43,060</b>	<b>40,200</b>	<b>40,680</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	160	260	0	140	80	80	480	420	0	0	0
Select red oaks	2,300	3,600	1,100	140	1,520	3,720	2,260	1,040	2,800	820	12,120
Other red oaks	1,000	140	120	540	1,420	1,000	1,480	2,300	1,600	0	19,180
Hickory	20	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	60	0	0	0	0	0	280	20	0	0	0
Soft maple	680	900	500	80	700	500	520	20	3,020	0	5,320
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ash	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bitooth aspen	240	440	200	1,120	0	280	140	0	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	720	80	640	180	800	940	1,220	760	680	780	0
Basswood	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	80	80	60	0	120	40	140	0	40	40	780
Butternut	20	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	20	360	100	0	200	20	0	0	340	0	0
Paper birch	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,420</b>	<b>5,860</b>	<b>2,720</b>	<b>2,200</b>	<b>4,840</b>	<b>7,240</b>	<b>6,260</b>	<b>4,540</b>	<b>8,480</b>	<b>2,380</b>	<b>19,960</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>39,360</b>	<b>18,320</b>	<b>21,320</b>	<b>28,540</b>	<b>39,460</b>	<b>53,680</b>	<b>43,740</b>	<b>46,960</b>	<b>51,540</b>	<b>42,580</b>	<b>60,640</b>
<b>Number of plots</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Standard error<sup>3/</sup></b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>3,140</b>	<b>2,860</b>	<b>4,660</b>	<b>3,460</b>	<b>3,340</b>	<b>3,760</b>	<b>5,580</b>	<b>5,340</b>	<b>9,320</b>	<b>4,320</b>
<b>Average basal area</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>74</b>
											<b>56</b>
											<b>30</b>

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

<sup>3/</sup>R indicates that there was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 16.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

Red pine forest type - All site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)						91-100	101-120	121+
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60			
<b>Softwoods:</b>										
White pine	2,320	300	500	240	360	1,980	940	11,100	5,280	14,600
Red pine	41,040	17,300	23,660	46,520	44,040	45,820	29,660	42,940	50,500	10,540
Jack pine	4,520	1,280	1,200	3,400	5,880	11,800	5,580	300	10,200	49,440
White spruce	240	200	0	60	200	0	0	120	1,020	27,840
Black spruce	200	0	0	0	100	320	0	280	400	0
Balsam fir	440	640	0	0	540	60	260	0	260	4,360
Hemlock	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,920	260	0
Tamarack	40	0	0	0	0	180	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	140	0	0	60	180	60	0	1,060	0	0
Other softwoods	320	0	600	240	380	0	0	2,400	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>49,380</b>	<b>19,720</b>	<b>25,960</b>	<b>51,060</b>	<b>51,380</b>	<b>60,240</b>	<b>36,180</b>	<b>63,140</b>	<b>67,660</b>	<b>54,920</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>										
Select white oaks	740	0	660	740	1,520	780	1,400	0	500	0
Select red oaks	1,680	0	1,000	400	1,000	2,800	3,200	3,040	1,600	9,540
Other red oaks	840	0	20	940	1,760	740	0	0	0	6,760
Hickory	60	0	0	80	0	340	0	0	0	3,300
Yellow birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	300	0	680	600	600	0	0	580	0	0
Soft maple	1,420	0	1,140	600	1,380	680	0	9,860	2,220	2,560
Beech	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ash	100	0	0	160	140	260	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	1,500	780	860	920	1,300	1,260	0	1,440	1,080	12,320
Quaking aspen	1,320	1,660	840	480	1,600	1,300	0	3,920	420	3,860
Basswood	60	0	0	120	0	220	0	0	0	1,520
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	20	0	1,060	460	20	1,020	0	180	0	1,180
Black cherry	480	0	0	0	0	0	0	900	0	0
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	580	0	500	100	360	0	0	360	0	5,960
Paper birch	60	0	40	100	0	140	0	0	0	0
Other hardwoods	20	0	40	0	0	20	0	320	0	0
Noncommercial species	9,220	2,440	6,840	5,700	9,080	9,740	4,600	20,420	5,820	34,240
<b>Total</b>	<b>58,600</b>	<b>22,160</b>	<b>32,800</b>	<b>56,760</b>	<b>60,460</b>	<b>69,980</b>	<b>40,780</b>	<b>83,560</b>	<b>73,480</b>	<b>14,780</b>
<b>All species</b>										<b>20,920</b>
Number of plots	226	12	32	68	41	26	7	9	7	1
Standard error <sup>3/</sup>	2,520	7,240	4,480	4,160	6,420	5,720	5,220	11,180	7,760	18,040
Average basal area	97	35	49	112	119	101	57	112	90	119

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

<sup>3/</sup>R indicates that there was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 17.--Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>  
**White pine forest type - All site index classes**  
 (In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	32,220	9,660	13,200	8,880	19,300	19,480	21,660	36,960	39,340	42,400	35,940
Red pine	4,700	1,940	4,700	3,580	0	9,500	5,120	3,820	5,380	4,300	6,800
Jack pine	1,220	0	0	0	0	1,500	2,740	0	3,020	300	1,840
White spruce	1,900	940	2,640	2,240	0	720	2,600	3,660	360	1,400	1,020
Black spruce	1,300	0	0	2,920	0	300	2,740	200	1,700	3,520	1,680
Balsam fir	2,720	680	620	1,820	0	1,440	2,480	5,640	2,600	7,580	2,660
Hemlock	780	0	0	0	0	200	1,380	820	1,860	20	1,460
Tamarack	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	0	1,420
Northern white-cedar	740	0	1,200	0	0	0	0	460	3,700	860	960
Other softwoods	420	0	0	1,280	0	3,880	0	0	0	0	640
<b>Total</b>	<b>46,200</b>	<b>13,220</b>	<b>22,360</b>	<b>17,800</b>	<b>22,220</b>	<b>37,020</b>	<b>39,380</b>	<b>54,800</b>	<b>52,880</b>	<b>60,480</b>	<b>52,820</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	1,260	0	3,380	0	0	0	560	760	0	0	8,000
Select red oaks	1,900	0	0	1,440	0	0	5,920	420	3,540	640	1,040
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	1,900	0	1,940	5,380	0	0	0	0	0	4,700	1,620
Soft maple	4,780	13,100	1,940	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beech	400	1,860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	620	0
Ash	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	340	740
Balsam poplar	120	0	0	640	0	0	0	420	400	0	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	920	0	0	0	0	0	4,220	1,740	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	5,220	3,660	1,520	7,940	7,220	0	0	0	2,280	0	920
Basswood	60	0	0	2,580	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	320	0	0	0	0	0	2,560	380	0	0	500
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	280	320	0	260
Paper birch	3,160	0	680	520	0	4,520	2,700	7,220	2,560	5,380	2,660
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>20,480</b>	<b>18,620</b>	<b>7,520</b>	<b>15,920</b>	<b>9,800</b>	<b>24,680</b>	<b>15,140</b>	<b>16,740</b>	<b>15,000</b>	<b>25,960</b>	<b>30,180</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>66,680</b>	<b>31,840</b>	<b>29,880</b>	<b>33,720</b>	<b>32,020</b>	<b>61,700</b>	<b>54,520</b>	<b>71,540</b>	<b>67,880</b>	<b>86,440</b>	<b>83,000</b>
Number of plots	102	4	6	7	2	9	9	10	13	12	8
Standard error	3,540	10,920	5,900	11,580	10,460	8,040	9,280	13,780	7,340	6,800	12,580
Average basal area	86	32	40	72	62	93	79	88	99	100	97
											105

<sup>1/</sup>/Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

?/... land acreage over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 18.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

Exotics forest type - All site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	360	0	0	0	2,960	16,900	0	0	6,740	0	0
Red pine	3,300	0	600	0	0	0	0	0	6,100	0	0
Jack pine	1,000	3,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,080	0	0
White spruce	500	0	0	1,520	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black spruce	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam fir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hemlock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tamarack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,560	0	0	0
Other softwoods	30,220	7,380	26,540	40,700	37,180	51,100	33,520	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>35,420</b>	<b>11,180</b>	<b>27,140</b>	<b>45,180</b>	<b>54,080</b>	<b>52,660</b>	<b>53,440</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	100	0	0	0	0	980	0	0	0	0	0
Select red oaks	720	0	0	1,900	0	0	0	0	1,960	0	0
Other red oaks	280	1,720	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	1,560	0	3,420	0	4,160	0	0	0	0	0	0
Soft maple	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ash	780	0	0	2,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cottonwood	860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	1,720	0	3,540	0	1,420	0	15,240	0	16,020	0	0
Quaking aspen	100	0	0	0	860	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basswood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	840	0	280	1,300	2,960	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	80	0	0	0	0	0	3,140	0	0	0	0
Paper birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other hardwoods	120	0	0	0	1,080	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,280</b>	<b>1,720</b>	<b>7,600</b>	<b>5,600</b>	<b>11,460</b>	<b>18,380</b>	<b>17,980</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>42,700</b>	<b>12,900</b>	<b>34,740</b>	<b>50,780</b>	<b>65,540</b>	<b>71,040</b>	<b>71,420</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Number of plots	37	6	12	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Standard error <sup>3/</sup>	5,180	4,240	7,680	10,640	8,580	R	10,360	0	0	0	0
Average basal area	76	31	58	101	109	101	92	0	0	0	0

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

<sup>3/</sup>R indicates that there was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 19.--Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1</sup>

## Black spruce forest type - A11 site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	1,380	680	1,000	980	900	1,760	1,220	860	3,760	0	5,940
Red pine	1,720	220	1,680	160	0	1,080	1,180	480	0	0	1,380
Jack pine	1,260	1,420	1,360	2,340	160	1,380	1,380	1,820	0	0	3,140
White spruce	440	0	40	220	160	1,220	40	860	0	0	6,180
Black spruce	20,380	9,840	13,560	21,220	25,020	22,640	25,340	30,660	29,140	74,720	21,440
Balsam fir	3,800	1,360	2,040	3,340	2,340	4,700	6,800	2,160	0	5,460	8,600
Hemlock	260	0	560	300	0	400	80	0	0	0	820
Tamarack	2,320	1,880	2,480	2,060	4,340	3,680	2,060	2,240	260	0	900
Northern white-cedar	3,060	500	1,720	1,260	320	2,660	1,840	3,400	8,920	0	9,360
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>33,620</b>	<b>15,900</b>	<b>24,440</b>	<b>31,880</b>	<b>33,240</b>	<b>37,900</b>	<b>37,900</b>	<b>47,120</b>	<b>44,240</b>	<b>74,720</b>	<b>43,100</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Select red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	140	0	0
Hard maple	40	0	0	0	0	140	0	0	180	120	0
Soft maple	1,460	380	220	2,000	1,260	2,420	700	1,160	3,700	0	880
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,660
Ash	160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	260	140	40	0	0	0	800	220	1,260	0	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	140	820	0	0	340	100	0	0	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	2,260	1,640	1,380	1,620	2,880	3,840	2,160	2,660	740	0	12,560
Basswood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	40	0	0	0	80	0	80	160	0	40	0
Butternut	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	2,120	860	800	1,520	1,500	4,840	1,940	260	200	0	0
Paper birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,240	4,900	0
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	140	0	0	0	140	20	20	820	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,820</b>	<b>3,840</b>	<b>2,440</b>	<b>5,360</b>	<b>6,140</b>	<b>12,360</b>	<b>6,300</b>	<b>9,400</b>	<b>9,500</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15,260</b>
<b>A11 species</b>	<b>40,440</b>	<b>19,740</b>	<b>26,880</b>	<b>37,240</b>	<b>39,380</b>	<b>50,260</b>	<b>44,200</b>	<b>56,520</b>	<b>53,740</b>	<b>74,720</b>	<b>58,360</b>
Number of plots	244	32	44	39	21	29	32	20	9	2	4
Standard error	1,740	3,140	2,480	3,700	5,960	4,760	4,840	5,400	11,800	12,440	3,920
Average basal area	70	37	47	60	78	82	91	117	101	100	122
											123

<sup>1</sup>/Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2</sup>/Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 20.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

Balsam fir forest type - A11 site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	1,780	660	200	640	740	1,780	1,740	1,040	2,640	3,460	5,120
Red pine	1,300	100	80	0	80	80	380	680	0	0	5,400
Jack pine	120	0	0	0	800	0	0	140	0	0	0
White spruce	4,240	2,520	920	1,360	5,660	5,380	4,080	5,200	6,900	7,600	7,060
Black spruce	2,700	2,480	2,920	5,480	2,260	2,960	2,680	2,780	2,000	2,460	2,460
Balsam fir	27,280	10,000	14,260	28,000	31,040	33,320	30,880	35,660	35,600	32,020	25,440
Hemlock	1,000	0	540	1,380	1,320	1,040	460	1,380	680	1,920	1,820
Tamarack	620	440	1,740	1,100	940	920	40	0	300	320	0
Northern white-cedar	5,660	1,780	3,400	7,480	4,260	4,060	4,540	11,040	4,120	9,120	14,860
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>43,700</b>	<b>17,980</b>	<b>24,060</b>	<b>45,440</b>	<b>47,100</b>	<b>49,540</b>	<b>44,800</b>	<b>57,920</b>	<b>52,240</b>	<b>56,900</b>	<b>60,480</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Select red oaks	60	0	20	0	0	0	0	380	0	0	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	80	1,420	300	520	2,020	2,920	1,760	800	2,960
Yellow birch	1,880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	1,200	0	300	520	860	2,280	1,420	1,600	1,080	1,420	1,420
Soft maple	5,380	2,400	2,220	2,100	3,520	7,820	5,220	7,720	5,640	9,840	10,040
Beech	40	0	0	0	0	260	0	0	0	0	400
Ash	1,060	1,040	140	1,180	1,260	300	360	1,260	1,340	5,460	3,340
Balsam poplar	1,300	1,520	240	860	1,560	1,480	1,260	400	3,440	2,960	2,780
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	260	0	160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	5,400	2,340	3,140	2,880	6,740	8,540	7,240	5,280	7,100	4,500	3,080
Basswood	20	0	0	0	0	120	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	580	40	140	400	1,000	140	1,620	720	2,860	120	300
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	520	0	100	120	1,800	620	420	360	1,660	220	0
Paper birch	5,220	3,540	5,340	2,100	4,980	4,180	7,520	7,540	5,800	3,280	7,620
Other hardwoods	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	100	40	0	20	80	300	0	80	20	0	820
<b>Total</b>	<b>23,020</b>	<b>10,940</b>	<b>11,580</b>	<b>11,340</b>	<b>23,600</b>	<b>29,520</b>	<b>25,920</b>	<b>26,800</b>	<b>31,900</b>	<b>34,120</b>	<b>35,500</b>
<b>A11 species</b>	<b>66,720</b>	<b>28,920</b>	<b>35,940</b>	<b>56,780</b>	<b>70,700</b>	<b>79,060</b>	<b>70,720</b>	<b>84,720</b>	<b>84,140</b>	<b>91,020</b>	<b>95,980</b>
Number of plots	336	34	39	29	33	53	52	32	21	13	9
Standard error	1,840	3,180	3,700	5,580	5,040	4,300	3,820	5,080	6,700	6,720	11,900
Average basal area	93	44	52	84	101	111	98	115	110	120	126

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 21.--Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>  
 Northern white-cedar forest type - All site index classes  
 (In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	1,220	0	320	140	880	1,560	700	620	320	1,120	2,080
Red pine	80	0	0	0	0	200	340	40	60	120	80
Jack pine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
White spruce	1,320	400	280	60	240	2,340	1,040	1,240	1,160	1,980	2,000
Black spruce	3,300	2,580	2,340	3,000	2,360	4,740	5,220	2,480	2,340	4,260	2,600
Balsam fir	9,360	1,820	5,380	6,560	10,420	9,920	12,960	9,760	12,500	8,480	3,340
Hemlock	700	0	180	0	420	0	420	720	400	60	2,240
Tamarack	1,940	2,580	2,480	4,380	2,660	2,380	1,440	3,280	1,640	1,300	1,560
Northern white-cedar	43,980	12,180	21,700	31,840	42,880	43,880	43,080	49,480	50,140	45,720	51,400
Other softwoods	80	0	1,460	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>61,980</b>	<b>19,560</b>	<b>34,140</b>	<b>45,980</b>	<b>59,860</b>	<b>62,920</b>	<b>66,520</b>	<b>67,420</b>	<b>68,640</b>	<b>62,220</b>	<b>72,520</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Select red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	1,140	0	0	80	740	320	940	1,580	860	1,240	1,960
Hard maple	400	0	0	220	120	0	420	60	140	80	1,520
Soft maple	2,920	0	1,000	620	1,860	1,880	2,580	2,340	2,880	4,580	4,400
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,800
Ash	2,640	120	980	300	2,620	3,500	1,960	3,300	4,220	3,040	2,880
Balsam poplar	1,080	320	1,400	840	500	2,620	1,320	1,300	1,460	400	400
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	160	0	0	0	0	1,080	240	160	60	40	100
Quaking aspen	1,600	820	1,920	900	2,040	1,300	2,580	1,880	1,560	1,880	760
Basswood	60	0	0	0	80	0	300	100	40	40	120
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	20	0	40	0	60	40	0	0	60	60	40
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	0	0
Elm	160	260	140	0	160	0	280	340	280	140	0
Paper birch	5,420	1,420	2,600	2,460	4,380	8,720	7,980	5,700	6,420	6,800	6,120
Other hardwoods	20	0	0	0	0	120	0	0	0	40	0
Noncommercial species	100	0	20	20	20	40	80	80	40	140	60
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,720</b>	<b>2,940</b>	<b>8,100</b>	<b>5,440</b>	<b>12,580</b>	<b>19,620</b>	<b>18,680</b>	<b>16,840</b>	<b>18,100</b>	<b>18,540</b>	<b>18,340</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>77,700</b>	<b>22,500</b>	<b>42,240</b>	<b>51,420</b>	<b>72,440</b>	<b>82,540</b>	<b>85,200</b>	<b>84,260</b>	<b>86,740</b>	<b>80,760</b>	<b>90,860</b>
Number of plots	651	15	32	51	43	37	59	76	69	71	46
Standard error	1,380	5,020	5,520	3,760	4,500	5,480	4,420	3,700	3,920	3,640	5,180
Average basal area	132	43	69	94	115	132	142	145	152	141	152

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 22.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1930<sup>1/</sup>

## Tamarack forest type - All site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	520	740	0	2,940	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red pine	120	800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jack pine	180	0	0	0	0	0	1,980	0	0	0	0
White spruce	40	0	0	0	140	420	0	0	0	0	0
Black spruce	3,280	0	3,880	4,680	1,500	6,840	5,100	3,080	4,980	0	1,990
Balsam fir	2,100	80	4,620	720	0	2,400	4,420	780	0	0	5,220
Hemlock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,580
Tamarack	22,240	15,580	13,360	33,060	20,800	13,140	23,380	21,200	31,860	52,960	23,120
Northern white-cedar	3,280	560	2,420	5,040	5,160	0	3,960	1,300	1,980	1,380	12,140
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>31,760</b>	<b>17,760</b>	<b>24,280</b>	<b>46,440</b>	<b>27,600</b>	<b>22,800</b>	<b>36,860</b>	<b>28,340</b>	<b>38,720</b>	<b>54,340</b>	<b>42,380</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Select red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hard maple	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Soft maple	480	0	1,000	1,220	0	480	0	0	0	0	80
Beech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,780
Ash	180	0	360	0	0	0	520	0	0	0	620
Balsam poplar	440	0	1,020	0	0	0	1,180	260	0	0	1,080
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	840
Bigtooth aspen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	760	0	360	0	0	6,400	1,160	0	0	0	2,360
Basswood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Paper birch	960	0	3,200	0	0	2,800	1,680	580	0	0	0
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,820</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5,940</b>	<b>1,220</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>9,200</b>	<b>4,540</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,140</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>34,580</b>	<b>17,760</b>	<b>30,220</b>	<b>47,660</b>	<b>28,080</b>	<b>32,000</b>	<b>41,400</b>	<b>29,180</b>	<b>38,720</b>	<b>54,340</b>	<b>46,520</b>
Number of plots	64	9	9	6	4	11	6	3	1	3	2
Standard error <sup>3/</sup>	2,900	2,780	9,500	6,400	7,660	7,560	8,360	11,120	19,880	R	15,340
Average basal area	55	24	45	65	51	58	74	63	57	64	75

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.<sup>3/</sup>R indicates that there was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 23.--Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

White spruce forest type - All site index classes  
(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	3,120	2,620	540	0	3,480	3,320	4,540	0	0	780	0
Red pine	1,000	0	17,620	0	440	1,620	0	0	0	3,780	0
Jack pine	540	1,340	260	0	2,260	0	0	0	0	0	0
White spruce	25,160	3,280	16,620	8,980	32,080	19,140	32,840	71,460	36,800	31,780	0
Black spruce	1,500	1,340	0	0	0	2,680	2,540	0	2,600	0	22,660
Balsam fir	8,360	4,040	2,960	0	600	4,740	11,860	28,580	9,460	16,440	0
Hemlock	60	0	0	0	0	340	0	0	0	0	3,420
Tamarack	280	960	0	6,680	0	400	0	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	6,480	0	0	0	0	360	11,740	33,100	4,600	19,840	0
Other softwoods	860	0	2,100	0	4,220	0	0	0	0	0	11,040
<b>Total</b>	<b>47,360</b>	<b>13,590</b>	<b>22,480</b>	<b>33,280</b>	<b>40,380</b>	<b>33,680</b>	<b>65,140</b>	<b>133,140</b>	<b>53,460</b>	<b>73,240</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Select red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,240	0	0
Hard maple	1,320	0	2,280	0	0	0	0	0	8,620	1,160	0
Soft maple	3,240	1,120	440	0	0	0	3,420	2,960	0	1,420	0
Beech	320	0	0	0	0	0	1,860	0	13,940	10,000	0
Ash	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balsam poplar	1,380	0	0	0	0	0	1,820	160	0	2,400	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	80	0	460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quaking aspen	8,980	2,620	4,240	0	8,240	12,380	11,960	8,020	15,560	4,760	0
Basswood	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,620	7,020	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	360	0	0	0	2,440	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E1m	220	0	800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Paper birch	2,440	0	0	0	0	0	500	0	0	0	0
Other hardwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,960	3,000	0	3,620	0
Noncommercial species	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,780</b>	<b>3,740</b>	<b>8,220</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10,680</b>	<b>26,280</b>	<b>18,200</b>	<b>24,280</b>	<b>36,320</b>	<b>25,400</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>66,140</b>	<b>17,320</b>	<b>30,700</b>	<b>33,280</b>	<b>51,060</b>	<b>59,960</b>	<b>83,340</b>	<b>157,420</b>	<b>89,780</b>	<b>98,640</b>	<b>0</b>
Number of plots	52	4	9	1	6	9	7	2	3	4	0
Standard error <sup>3/</sup>	5,660	5,100	8,380	R	11,080	9,320	10,400	22,360	22,520	19,280	0
Average basal area	92	30	42	60	92	87	114	199	116	132	0
											120
											112

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

3/

There was an insufficient number of plots to compute the standard error.

Table 24.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

**Oak-hickory forest type - A11 site index classes**  
 (In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)										101-120	121+
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100		
<b>Softwoods:</b>													
White pine	820	560	380	0	580	420	460	940	680	760	1,640	2,140	1,160
Red pine	980	780	1,060	8,140	2,460	1,360	760	580	140	1,740	400	420	200
Jack pine	1,460	580	1,660	1,000	2,820	1,160	2,000	1,820	1,340	1,520	1,000	620	1,860
White spruce	40	0	0	0	420	0	0	20	0	0	0	40	520
Black spruce	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	280	0
Balsam fir	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	440	40	0	20	220
Hemlock	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	120
Tamarack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern white-cedar	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200
Other softwoods	40	0	80	0	0	0	0	60	0	200	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,520</b>	<b>1,920</b>	<b>3,180</b>	<b>9,140</b>	<b>6,280</b>	<b>2,960</b>	<b>3,740</b>	<b>3,400</b>	<b>2,360</b>	<b>4,020</b>	<b>3,340</b>	<b>3,620</b>	<b>4,740</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>													
Select white oaks	15,580	3,980	8,800	12,680	9,580	14,480	10,920	14,580	22,960	21,540	23,220	28,260	23,060
Select red oaks	30,480	12,440	8,520	16,720	27,300	29,800	39,180	36,180	28,340	35,520	38,820	39,280	41,560
Other red oaks	7,780	1,420	4,380	10,020	5,180	11,280	8,380	9,220	8,200	11,440	6,180	9,260	7,140
Hickory	1,900	440	1,260	0	2,440	2,080	500	720	5,300	3,280	720	3,300	3,120
Yellow birch	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180	80	240
Hard maple	780	20	0	0	920	700	320	620	620	340	3,000	1,840	400
Soft maple	5,340	2,980	2,080	2,500	3,140	5,840	7,620	6,080	4,920	5,700	4,900	6,640	2,700
Beech	160	20	220	0	0	60	300	140	120	220	640	60	7,240
Ash	840	80	380	800	880	1,280	320	720	1,620	740	380	1,140	4,000
Balsam poplar	0	60	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cottonwood	140	0	0	0	620	0	40	200	80	120	0	640	0
Bigtooth aspen	3,320	880	940	4,140	2,880	4,480	5,200	5,340	4,480	2,060	1,860	2,780	380
Quaking aspen	1,020	780	1,260	0	2,440	880	860	1,660	740	720	1,100	680	520
Basswood	260	0	160	0	80	400	60	260	800	200	740	160	600
Yellow-poplar	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	240	0	280	0
Black walnut	480	0	0	0	1,440	1,460	0	1,840	180	0	0	0	360
Black cherry	1,320	540	780	440	2,240	760	800	880	3,440	1,720	660	2,200	1,100
Butternut	60	0	0	0	620	0	0	0	220	0	0	0	0
Elm	260	0	280	300	640	80	20	440	580	120	0	220	1,480
Paper birch	580	0	200	0	440	280	560	560	520	1,020	1,980	920	140
Other hardwoods	600	260	180	920	420	60	260	680	860	1,160	1,740	780	1,160
Noncommercial species	420	660	420	480	860	240	180	180	980	200	340	120	1,740
<b>Total</b>	<b>71,420</b>	<b>24,560</b>	<b>29,860</b>	<b>49,000</b>	<b>62,180</b>	<b>74,160</b>	<b>75,520</b>	<b>80,300</b>	<b>85,200</b>	<b>86,280</b>	<b>86,360</b>	<b>98,800</b>	<b>96,700</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>74,940</b>	<b>26,480</b>	<b>33,040</b>	<b>58,140</b>	<b>68,460</b>	<b>77,120</b>	<b>79,260</b>	<b>83,700</b>	<b>87,560</b>	<b>90,300</b>	<b>89,700</b>	<b>102,420</b>	<b>101,440</b>
<b>Number of plots</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Standard error</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>2,820</b>	<b>2,620</b>	<b>5,120</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>4,040</b>	<b>3,580</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>5,380</b>	<b>3,780</b>	<b>6,640</b>	<b>5,660</b>	<b>8,940</b>
<b>Average basal area</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>90</b>

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 25.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>  
 Elm-ash-soft maple forest type - All site index classes  
 (In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	680	320	340	180	120	220	60	180	60	600	400
Red pine	80	120	0	60	0	240	180	400	0	0	0
Jack pine	20	100	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
White spruce	600	80	120	60	200	280	820	580	640	1,320	540
Black spruce	320	440	60	340	480	300	300	120	500	220	260
Balsam fir	3,440	480	2,000	2,140	2,540	4,640	4,440	4,760	3,020	1,820	8,400
Hemlock	1,260	100	380	180	500	760	1,440	180	1,520	1,040	5,200
Tamarack	300	200	140	320	660	680	700	80	100	0	0
Northern white-cedar	3,580	1,240	1,260	3,020	1,380	3,300	4,040	4,260	6,200	2,620	7,620
Other softwoods	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,280</b>	<b>3,080</b>	<b>4,300</b>	<b>6,360</b>	<b>5,880</b>	<b>10,180</b>	<b>12,040</b>	<b>10,340</b>	<b>12,440</b>	<b>7,620</b>	<b>22,420</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	980	280	1,260	120	940	1,020	1,120	0	1,720	3,320	940
Select red oaks	500	100	400	80	200	940	600	500	400	1,740	240
Other red oaks	100	0	60	0	120	0	460	100	0	0	0
Hickory	100	60	180	0	0	0	180	0	340	0	200
Yellow birch	2,640	600	660	720	1,380	1,980	3,240	2,720	3,160	2,300	4,740
Hard maple	1,520	480	880	40	1,960	980	1,120	1,580	1,340	3,480	4,500
Soft maple	22,920	7,240	9,140	6,840	22,880	19,460	24,740	27,140	31,920	46,280	41,660
Beech	120	0	60	0	0	340	80	220	140	0	460
Ash	14,360	5,200	8,460	16,660	14,820	12,740	15,860	21,320	18,720	15,800	16,540
Balsam poplar	640	840	400	620	560	620	540	460	580	940	1,100
Cottonwood	900	940	560	1,360	1,940	540	1,440	260	480	0	3,560
Bigtooth aspen	260	200	0	460	260	400	560	180	660	280	0
Quaking aspen	2,500	2,360	2,000	1,340	4,160	5,100	3,140	1,500	1,860	1,700	2,560
Basswood	760	200	0	0	1,080	40	1,400	980	1,880	360	1,900
Yellow-poplar	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	240	0
Black walnut	60	0	0	0	680	0	0	0	260	0	0
Black cherry	660	540	80	1,480	1,600	1,180	320	300	640	360	1,060
Butternut	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	80	380
Elm	3,120	1,760	2,880	4,940	6,220	2,840	3,100	3,060	2,860	3,340	1,700
Paper birch	2,040	1,540	1,760	2,120	2,100	3,720	2,380	3,160	1,160	2,240	700
Other hardwoods	1,320	320	1,820	2,580	1,280	0	2,860	1,200	280	2,000	3,460
Noncommercial species	500	380	400	720	540	460	140	740	700	200	1,620
<b>Total</b>	<b>56,060</b>	<b>23,040</b>	<b>31,000</b>	<b>40,080</b>	<b>62,720</b>	<b>52,360</b>	<b>63,280</b>	<b>65,420</b>	<b>69,400</b>	<b>84,660</b>	<b>87,320</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>66,340</b>	<b>26,120</b>	<b>35,300</b>	<b>46,440</b>	<b>68,600</b>	<b>62,540</b>	<b>75,320</b>	<b>75,760</b>	<b>81,840</b>	<b>92,280</b>	<b>109,740</b>
Number of plots	563	69	68	40	43	56	63	45	40	37	24
Standard error	1,680	2,300	2,680	3,500	5,460	4,300	4,400	5,320	4,760	6,360	6,580
Average basal area	80	34	49	61	83	79	91	95	98	100	116
											107
											118

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 26.--Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

**Maple-birch forest type - All site index classes**  
 (In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	840	580	320	380	740	500	740	1,040	740	1,120	1,040
Red pine	160	200	220	380	100	140	80	260	360	240	20
Jack pine	100	460	580	0	0	20	60	0	60	20	140
White spruce	580	160	340	620	760	340	480	360	760	640	620
Black spruce	100	40	40	60	120	100	80	100	100	40	160
Balsam fir	2,420	740	1,660	1,080	3,460	2,560	2,200	2,500	2,720	2,720	2,220
Hemlock	4,720	520	780	2,080	1,460	1,960	2,640	4,120	4,340	5,760	9,680
Tamarack	20	60	0	0	0	0	20	20	0	0	40
Northern white-cedar	1,200	180	140	1,000	640	620	540	820	1,400	1,700	2,120
Other softwoods	80	280	80	300	340	80	0	40	40	0	40
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,220</b>	<b>3,220</b>	<b>4,160</b>	<b>5,900</b>	<b>7,620</b>	<b>6,340</b>	<b>6,840</b>	<b>9,380</b>	<b>10,480</b>	<b>12,280</b>	<b>15,960</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	480	480	1,260	540	180	500	520	560	620	860	380
Select red oaks	1,960	780	2,420	1,180	1,020	1,080	2,360	4,060	1,640	2,600	1,620
Other red oaks	120	200	220	80	140	120	100	40	180	200	0
Hickory	260	200	340	620	140	240	140	220	240	320	700
Yellow birch	6,360	1,140	2,400	2,300	2,800	5,140	4,280	5,160	7,800	6,560	10,220
Hard maple	34,920	7,260	12,220	23,500	27,920	37,540	39,820	36,260	37,960	43,120	11,060
Soft maple	13,920	5,080	7,360	10,120	13,000	14,680	15,240	16,400	15,860	15,540	41,620
Beech	3,840	1,140	2,160	2,500	1,300	2,860	3,000	4,020	5,300	5,440	14,420
Ash	2,900	1,660	1,760	3,440	3,000	3,020	3,120	5,500	3,560	3,380	5,980
Balsam poplar	160	120	140	20	140	160	180	180	180	20	300
Cottonwood	120	360	80	80	500	40	60	140	20	40	0
Bigtooth aspen	1,220	640	900	520	1,880	1,840	2,220	1,320	960	1,040	860
Quaking aspen	3,280	2,480	3,660	5,640	4,420	4,680	3,400	2,620	3,620	3,300	2,300
Basswood	4,140	2,740	3,360	3,660	5,860	7,080	5,520	4,940	4,320	4,840	3,740
Yellow-poplar	60	0	60	240	0	20	60	80	0	200	40
Black walnut	40	20	140	240	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
Black cherry	1,960	1,760	2,160	2,400	3,160	3,100	1,660	2,300	2,340	1,800	1,240
Butternut	20	0	20	40	80	0	0	0	20	0	0
Elm	2,080	1,380	980	3,540	2,400	2,780	2,140	2,360	2,580	1,640	2,240
Paper birch	1,660	640	720	1,680	1,000	1,500	2,500	2,260	2,000	1,840	1,440
Other hardwoods	360	740	420	760	1,500	200	240	380	80	160	140
Noncommercial species	1,400	1,280	1,200	1,780	1,500	1,380	1,320	1,760	1,340	1,420	1,300
<b>Total</b>	<b>81,260</b>	<b>29,280</b>	<b>40,020</b>	<b>63,620</b>	<b>73,520</b>	<b>87,380</b>	<b>89,140</b>	<b>91,300</b>	<b>89,560</b>	<b>94,120</b>	<b>91,840</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>91,490</b>	<b>32,500</b>	<b>44,180</b>	<b>69,520</b>	<b>81,140</b>	<b>93,720</b>	<b>95,980</b>	<b>100,680</b>	<b>100,040</b>	<b>106,400</b>	<b>107,800</b>
Number of plots	2,928	220	184	84	156	405	433	231	208	237	226
Standard error	740	1,580	1,860	3,380	2,440	1,480	1,600	2,160	2,420	2,120	2,380
Average basal area	99	39	54	86	93	105	106	107	105	110	112

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 27.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1/</sup>

Aspen forest type - A11 site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2/</sup>	Stand-age class (years)										121+
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	
<b>Softwoods:</b>												
White pine	640	360	420	740	820	440	680	480	1,160	800	1,560	4,280
Red pine	700	640	400	780	1,500	320	820	80	1,320	1,240	1,700	1,960
Jack pine	360	180	700	1,000	60	520	320	0	240	140	800	0
White spruce	960	260	300	1,560	860	1,400	1,300	2,260	840	1,480	1,160	2,140
Black spruce	240	80	440	80	380	720	80	20	480	0	480	500
Balsam fir	3,740	1,060	1,340	2,940	4,520	6,040	6,180	5,700	4,340	3,840	3,660	6,220
Hemlock	240	160	20	0	320	200	200	780	380	0	1,280	7,440
Tamarack	120	100	20	60	160	80	260	160	0	0	220	1,400
Northern white-cedar	1,740	360	440	1,520	1,200	1,520	2,100	2,720	4,300	3,420	8,080	9,180
Other softwoods	20	20	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,760</b>	<b>3,220</b>	<b>3,840</b>	<b>9,040</b>	<b>9,520</b>	<b>10,900</b>	<b>12,580</b>	<b>12,260</b>	<b>12,600</b>	<b>11,400</b>	<b>18,460</b>	<b>26,420</b>
<b>Hardwoods:</b>												
Select white oaks	400	360	300	140	200	300	700	160	980	100	1,360	380
Select red oaks	2,220	1,040	2,120	2,000	1,720	1,340	1,960	4,940	3,980	4,160	3,160	4,820
Other red oaks	140	40	160	280	160	220	160	0	220	100	320	0
Hickory	0	20	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	280	40	100	0	360	460	500	400	160	240	1,140	0
Hard maple	2,000	980	580	940	2,620	2,520	2,240	2,800	4,860	6,420	2,460	1,620
Soft maple	5,340	2,680	2,960	2,540	6,260	6,720	7,860	8,860	6,820	7,180	6,080	6,040
Beech	140	120	60	240	280	280	20	320	0	0	260	0
Ash	1,040	300	660	900	1,860	1,420	980	980	2,240	1,320	1,660	3,780
Balsam poplar	2,940	720	1,140	3,180	3,180	4,300	3,400	2,880	3,920	5,440	6,800	16,860
Cottonwood	120	20	20	260	40	40	40	0	700	200	180	540
Bigtooth aspen	8,900	2,720	5,100	5,360	7,040	10,520	15,980	16,860	17,860	9,680	8,280	8,560
Quaking aspen	20,620	8,400	13,840	21,260	28,060	25,740	27,000	27,860	32,660	29,640	21,460	18,000
Basswood	320	120	40	140	320	420	300	240	1,060	500	2,320	1,380
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	600	660	860	1,380	340	440	540	300	640	260	1,040	480
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	440	140	500	320	400	800	660	260	380	200	140	1,020
Paper birch	3,860	1,180	1,660	2,800	3,860	5,160	5,760	7,180	4,640	7,020	5,320	7,700
Other hardwoods	60	40	80	40	80	40	60	120	340	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	300	280	280	640	360	280	140	420	320	520	100	560
<b>Total</b>	<b>49,720</b>	<b>19,860</b>	<b>30,480</b>	<b>42,520</b>	<b>57,140</b>	<b>61,600</b>	<b>68,260</b>	<b>75,280</b>	<b>81,280</b>	<b>72,960</b>	<b>63,040</b>	<b>71,200</b>
<b>All species</b>	<b>58,480</b>	<b>23,080</b>	<b>34,320</b>	<b>51,560</b>	<b>66,660</b>	<b>72,500</b>	<b>80,840</b>	<b>87,540</b>	<b>93,880</b>	<b>84,360</b>	<b>81,500</b>	<b>97,620</b>
Number of plots	1,529	325	252	65	133	239	222	118	64	48	34	25
Standard error	1,000	1,120	1,400	3,460	2,740	2,160	2,240	3,440	4,380	4,700	5,880	7,780
Average basal area	73	31	46	69	84	93	98	104	108	97	101	114

<sup>1/</sup>Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.

<sup>2/</sup>Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

Table 28.—Biomass yields per acre in all live trees by species group and stand-age class, Michigan, 1980<sup>1</sup>

## Paper birch forest type - A11 site index classes

(In pounds per acre green weight)

Species group	Average <sup>2</sup> /	Stand-age class (years)									
		0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
<b>Softwoods:</b>											
White pine	840	0	120	360	1,340	1,200	360	680	1,580	3,740	2,600
Red pine	640	240	0	140	1,320	580	240	680	2,280	0	2,340
Jack pine	540	0	0	0	1,040	3,580	1,840	100	0	2,500	0
White spruce	1,360	1,020	240	0	300	1,020	240	1,320	1,200	2,880	1,400
Black spruce	440	80	0	0	11,660	6,020	5,660	5,200	540	0	1,540
Balsam fir	5,800	1,900	2,860	6,900	11,660	6,020	5,660	5,240	4,700	8,320	8,900
Hemlock	580	0	600	100	480	260	1,120	180	900	0	5,980
Tamarack	140	380	20	0	0	0	280	0	40	0	7,520
Northern white-cedar	4,700	2,520	2,580	6,440	3,820	1,620	4,900	5,180	9,360	10,160	7,660
Other softwoods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15,040	6,140	6,420	14,240	20,680	13,500	15,340	13,900	22,260	28,140	22,900
<b>Hardwoods:</b>											
Select white oaks	140	0	0	0	680	0	320	140	0	0	0
Select red oaks	1,440	240	0	0	360	2,120	2,580	380	2,800	6,560	0
Other red oaks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickory	20	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
Yellow birch	700	0	200	0	860	340	760	460	280	3,580	1,340
Hard maple	4,200	560	2,760	120	800	6,480	3,480	5,140	5,640	13,360	1,100
Soft maple	8,420	2,980	2,320	2,360	7,400	10,780	12,080	6,620	8,140	13,940	13,040
Beech	300	0	0	0	0	420	840	280	20	0	0
Ash	1,280	0	380	2,820	2,380	840	1,660	1,980	1,600	0	0
Balsam poplar	900	380	180	0	720	780	1,440	1,420	160	700	0
Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	1,540	920	0	660	1,140	1,500	900	2,240	3,500	4,060	3,880
Quaking aspen	5,740	1,160	2,960	5,200	6,680	7,800	5,720	6,280	7,680	1,700	10,120
Basswood	720	0	440	0	2,220	2,040	1,040	100	220	0	0
Yellow-poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black walnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black cherry	280	0	760	0	280	440	360	100	0	760	220
Butternut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	220	0	180	520	280	440	80	280	0	720	380
Paper birch	34,100	12,480	16,400	22,820	24,540	33,940	44,340	39,440	36,860	40,560	37,020
Other hardwoods	20	0	0	0	60	0	0	120	0	0	0
Noncommercial species	560	20	80	460	380	460	620	0	620	920	6,360
Total	60,580	18,740	26,660	34,960	48,780	68,380	76,320	64,980	67,520	86,860	73,460
All species	75,620	24,880	33,080	49,200	69,460	81,880	91,660	78,880	89,780	115,000	96,360
Number of plots	190	15	18	6	13	23	45	36	15	6	7
Standard error	2,800	5,320	5,780	9,160	7,720	6,540	4,740	6,080	10,180	9,920	10,800
Average basal area	94	38	47	75	89	103	113	98	108	124	112

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<sup>1</sup>/Forest type definitions and species list are in the appendix.<sup>2</sup>/Weighted average over all stand-age classes--the average biomass per acre for all ages in the forest type and index range.

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**Empirical yield tables for Michigan.** Gen. Tech. Rep. NC-96. St. Paul, MN: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, North Central Forest Experiment Station; 1984. 33 p.

Describes the tables derived from the 1980 Forest Survey of Michigan and presents ways the tables can be used. These tables are broken down according to Michigan's four Forest Survey Units, 14 forest types, and 5 site-index classes.

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**KEY WORDS:** Inventory, volume, growth.

